Cabinet Office

Carbon Reduction Plan

Supplier name Worldline IT Services UK Limited ("Worldline")

Publication date 09/06/26

Commitment to achieving net zero

Worldline is committed to achieving net zero emissions by 2050.

Baseline emissions footprint

Baseline year: 2022
Additional details relating to the baseline emissions calculations:
The 2022 baseline is validated with SBTi

Baseline year emissions:	
Emissions	Total (tCO_2e)
Scope 1	6,627
Scope 2	2,482
Scope 3 (included sources)	345,119
Total emissions	354,228

Current emissions reporting

Reporting year: 2025
Additional details relating to the reporting year emissions calculations:

This Carbon Reduction Plan reflects the emissions of Worldline Group of which Worldline IT Services UK Limited was a subsidiary until May 2026. At the beginning of June 2026, Worldline IT Services UK Limited was divested to Magellan. Consolidation and re-baselining of the combined emissions is now required to reflect the shape of the new business. Post this activity, the Carbon Reduction Plan will be further updated.

Emissions	TOTAL (tCO_2e)
Scope 1	5,708
Scope 2 (market based)	2,457
Scope 3* (included sources)	320,146
Total emissions (market based)	328,311

(*) We estimate a +/- 10% margin of error for calculating Scope 3 emissions

In 2025, Worldline Group Scope 3 is broken down as per the below – according to the GHG Protocol

Category Number	Category	CO_2 Emissions in 2025 (in tons CO_2e)
3.1	Purchased goods and services	157 574
3.2	Capital goods	9 333
3.3	Fuel- and energy- related activities (not included in scope 1 or scope 2)	3 188
3.4	Upstream transportation and distribution	1 223
3.5	Waste generated in operations	345
3.6	Business travel	2 416
3.7	Employee commuting	13 562
3.8	Upstream leased assets	27 134
3.9	Downstream transportation and distribution	N/A
3.10	Processing of sold products	N/A
3.11	Use of sold products	101 093
3.12	End-of-life treatment of sold products	4 278
3.13	Downstream leased assets	N/A
3.14	Franchises	N/A
3.15	Investments	N/A

Scope 3 emissions account for 98% of Worldline's carbon emissions.

3.1 Purchased Goods and Services

Scope: This category includes all the products and services sourced externally by Worldline in 2025. The main purchase category in terms of costs comprises IT hardware and software, subcontracted services such as software development and maintenance and telecommunications services. The Group uses these products and services in connection with its data centres and project development needs. Other indirect purchases relate to the management of the company itself (facilities, marketing, communication, etc.).

Calculation: These purchase categories are converted using monetary conversion factors from ADEME to calculate their carbon footprint.

3.2 Capital Goods

Scope: This category includes all upstream (i.e., cradle-to-gate) emissions from the production of capital goods purchased or acquired by Worldline in 2025.

Calculation: These purchase categories are converted using monetary conversion factors from ADEME to calculate their carbon footprint.

3.3 Fuel- and Energy- Related Activities

Scope: This category includes emissions related to the production of purchased fuels and energy consumed in 2025 that are not included in scope 1 or 2. For example, it includes energy related to the production of electricity used by Worldline data centres or offices, and energy related to the production of fuel for company cars

Calculation: Energy consumptions from scopes 1 and 2 are converted into CO_2e emissions using upstream conversion factors from the Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy (BEIS) – 2021.

3.4 Upstream Transportation and Distribution
Scope: This category includes the transportation and distribution of products or third-party transportation and distribution services purchased in 2025.

Calculation: These purchase categories are converted using monetary conversion factors from ADEME to calculate their carbon footprint

3.5 Waste Generated in Operations
Scope: This category includes emissions from waste disposal and treatment by third parties generated in 2025. It mainly concerns emissions related to the treatment of WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment)

Calculation: The methodology follows the "Waste type-specific" approach: actual tonnages per stream are multiplied by the emission factors (ADEME/DEFRA) corresponding to their treatment method. In the absence of primary data, an extrapolation using a FTE ratio is applied.

3.6 Business Travel
Scope: This category includes emissions from employee transportation for business related activities in vehicles owned or operated by third parties, such as air travel, trains, taxis, and the use of private cars.

Calculation: The calculation of emissions from air and train travel is based on data extracted from Amex (global travel tool). Taxi trips and car fuel consumption are calculated from expense reports and then converted into CO_2e emissions using emission factors from ADEME.

3.7 Employee Commuting
Scope: This category includes emissions from Worldline employees' transportation between their homes and workplaces (mainly by car, two-wheels, bus, train, or soft mobility means) in 2025. This does not include emissions related to teleworking.

Calculation: Commuting data is obtained via an employee survey and converted using emissions factors from the EcoInvent database.

3.8 Upstream Leased Assets
Scope: This category includes emissions from the operation of leased assets in 2025 that are not already included in the scope 1 or scope 2 inventories of the reported company. The main emissions are related to the leasing and operation of offices or company cars by Worldline.

Calculation: These purchase categories are converted using monetary conversion factors from ADEME to calculate their carbon footprint

3.11 Use of Sold Products
Scope: This category includes emissions from the use of services sold in 2025, namely the use of in-store and e-commerce transactions, which represent the main services sold by Worldline to its clients

Calculation: This calculation is based on the life cycle analysis of a payment transaction which includes detailed assumptions and estimates in the study published in 2025.

Worldline full scope has been extrapolated from the volumes of e-commerce and online transactions within the Merchant Services Business line, which Revenue represents over 72 % of total Worldline Revenue

3.12 End of Life Treatment of Sold Products

Scope: This category includes the expected end of-life emissions for all products sold in 2025. This includes end-of-life emissions for all products incorporated into the lifecycle assessments of in-store and e commerce transactions, specifically tickets, terminals, and cards.

Calculation: This calculation is based on the life cycle analysis of a payment transaction which includes detailed assumptions and estimates in the study published in 2025. Worldline full scope has been extrapolated from the volumes of e-commerce and online transactions within the Merchant Services Business line, which Revenue represents over 72 % of total Worldline Revenue

Emissions reduction targets

In order to continue our progress to achieving net zero, Worldline has adopted the following carbon reduction targets:

Time Horizon	Scope	Approach	Ambition
Medium term 2022 to 2030	Scopes 1 & 2 (market based) 100%	1,5 °C ACA - Absolute Contraction Approach Scopes 1 & 2 (market based) 100%	-42 %
	Scope 3 - 100 %	Well Below 2°C ACA- Absolute Contraction Approach	-25 %
Long term 2022 to 2050	Scopes 1 & 2 (market based) 100%	Net-Zero ACA- Absolute Contraction Approach	-90 %
	Scope 3 - 100 %	Net-Zero ACA- Absolute Contraction Approach	-90 %

These targets were validated by the SBTi in 2025 for scopes 1 and 2, in the medium term (2030) and long term (carbon neutrality by 2050). Validation for scope 3 is underway.

Carbon reduction projects

Completed and future carbon reduction initiatives

The following environmental management measures and projects have been completed or implemented since the 2022 baseline. The carbon emission reduction achieved by these schemes equate to 25,917 tCO_2e, a 7.32% reduction against the 2022 baseline and the measures will be in effect when performing the contract.

Worldline is currently working on developing a transition plan aligned with the Paris Agreement.

Within Operations:

Lever	Description	Objective
1	Optimisation of Data Centre Management (Scope 1 and 2)	Implement energy-saving measures in data centres operated by Worldline
2	Optimisation of building management (Scope 1 and 2)	Reduce greenhouse gas emissions related to the directly managed tertiary buildings each year
3	Renewable energy program in offices and data centres (Scope 2)	Switch 100 % of energy supplies to renewable energies by 2030 across all managed sites
4	Car Fleet, Business Travel, Commuting and Trips (Scopes 1, 2, 3.6, and 3.7)	To promote decarbonised mobility among all employees in order to reduce GHG emissions related to commuting and business travel.
5	Eco-design solutions (Scope 3)	Reduce GHG emissions from digital services through the revision of development methods
6	Internal IT equipment, software, and services (Scopes 2 and 3)	Study the internal IT system to quantify and reduce greenhouse gas emissions related to equipment, software, and services used by its employees
7	Rationalisation of the Group's Data Centres	To act both on data centre infrastructure and on the rationalisation of equipment to reduce their climate impact.

Across Customers and Suppliers:

Lever	Description	Objective
1	Goods and Services Purchased from Suppliers (Scope 3.1)	Engage the Group's suppliers in reducing their emissions.
2	Lifecycle analysis of digital payments: a Worldline initiative (Scope 3.11 and 3.12)	Promote a carbon sobriety dynamic across the entire sector.

Declaration and sign off

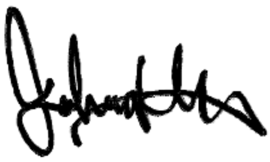
This Carbon Reduction Plan has been completed in accordance with PPN 006 and associated guidance and reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans.

Emissions have been reported and recorded in accordance with the published reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans and the GHG Reporting Protocol corporate standard[13] and uses the appropriate government emission conversion factors for greenhouse gas company reporting.[14]

Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions have been reported in accordance with SECR requirements (where required), and the required subset of Scope 3 emissions have been reported in accordance with the published reporting standard for Carbon Reduction Plans and the Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Standard.[15]

This Carbon Reduction Plan has been reviewed and signed off by the board of directors (or equivalent management body).

Signed on behalf of the supplier:



Johnathan Astbury

Chief Executive Officer UK&I

Date: 9th June 2026

[13] https://ghgprotocol.org/corporate-standard

[14] www.gov.uk/government/collections/government-conversion-factors-for-company-reporting

[15] https://ghgprotocol.org/standards/scope-3-standard